

# [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 in patients with small cell lung cancer (SCLC) and other Delta-like ligand 3 (DLL3) expressing solid tumors: a Phase 1/2a study to assess safety, tolerability, and efficacy

Poster #TPS3176  
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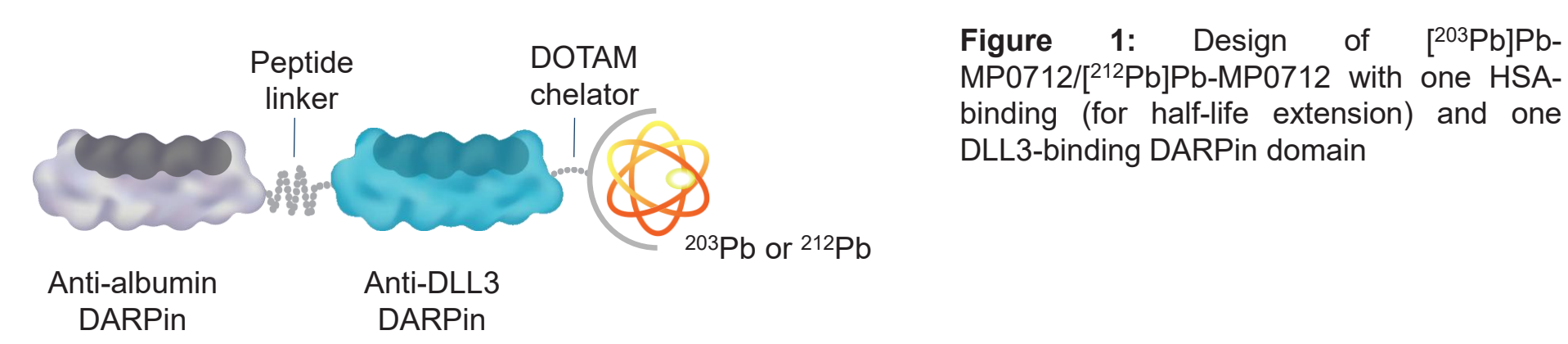
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## Background

- SCLC is a highly aggressive NEC with poor prognosis and limited durable treatment options, representing a major unmet medical need
- DLL3 is a clinically validated target<sup>1</sup>, highly expressed on the cell surface of SCLC and other high-grade NECs (Tab.1), while showing minimal expression in normal tissues making it an attractive target for radiopharmaceutical therapy
- DARPin are small engineered binding proteins (~18 kDa)
- [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 is a clinical-stage DLL3-targeting alpha therapy combining a high-affinity DARPin with the therapeutic isotope <sup>212</sup>Pb (Fig. 1)
- [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 showed a favorable safety profile, biodistribution and antitumor efficacy in mice (Fig. 3)
- Despite low surface density, repeated internalization and replenishment cycles of DLL3 could allow efficient tumor loading of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 without saturating binding sites<sup>3</sup>
- First patient imaging and dosimetry data with [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 from compassionate care showed robust tumor uptake that increased throughout the imaging period (Fig. 2A), while the washout from healthy organs, including kidney, was visible from 24 h onwards (Fig. 2B)<sup>4,5</sup>

### Molecular structure of MP0712



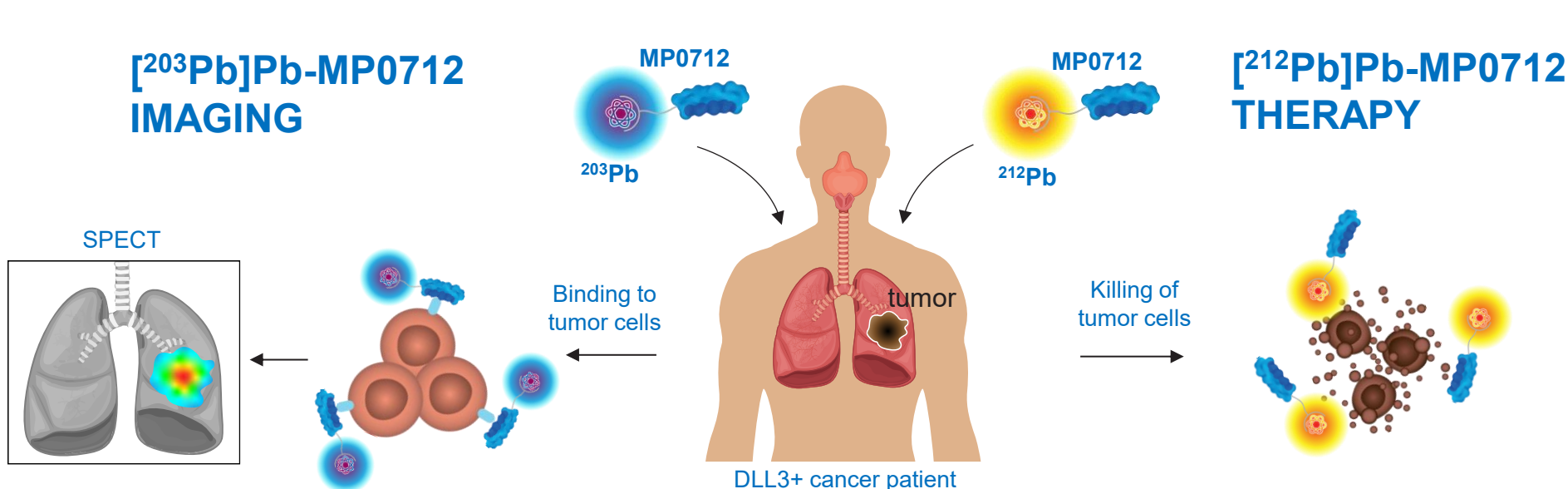
### DLL3 expression in NEC

Indication	SCLC	LC NEC of the lung	Cervical NEC	GEP NEC	Bladder NEC
DLL3 expression	+++	+++	++	++	++

**Table 1.** Relative DLL3 expression levels across NEC subtypes based on transcriptomic profiling reported by Lozada et al.<sup>5</sup> High DLL3 expression is observed in SCLC, and LCNEC, whereas intermediate expression is seen in cervical NECs, GEP NECs, and bladder NEC reflecting site-dependent heterogeneity in DLL3 expression

## Study design

- This FIH Phase 1/2a study evaluates the safety, biodistribution, dosimetry, and preliminary antitumor efficacy of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712
- The study has two parts
- Part 1: dose escalation
  - Cohorts receive escalating doses of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 to estimate the MTD and determine the RP2D, with DLTs assessed during the first 28 days of treatment
  - Dose escalation is guided by BLRM-EWOC
  - SRC review of available cumulative safety, dosimetry, and PK data after each cohort
  - Dose escalation starts in the group with SCLC/LC NEC of the lung
  - Dose confirmation for epNEC starts at a pharmacologically-active dose level identified in patients with SCLC/LC NEC of the lung
- Part 2: dose expansion
  - Two groups with 30 patients each to assess preliminary antitumor efficacy of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 at RP2D in SCLC/LC NEC of the lung or epNEC
  - Primary endpoint is ORR, defined as the percentage of patients who achieve a partial response or complete response as measured by RECIST v1.1
- Both study parts include an imaging period with [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712, used as an imaging and dosimetry surrogate for [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 enabling DLL3 imaging and dosimetry.



## Study objectives

### Primary

- Part 1
- Safety and tolerability of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712
  - MTD and/or RP2D

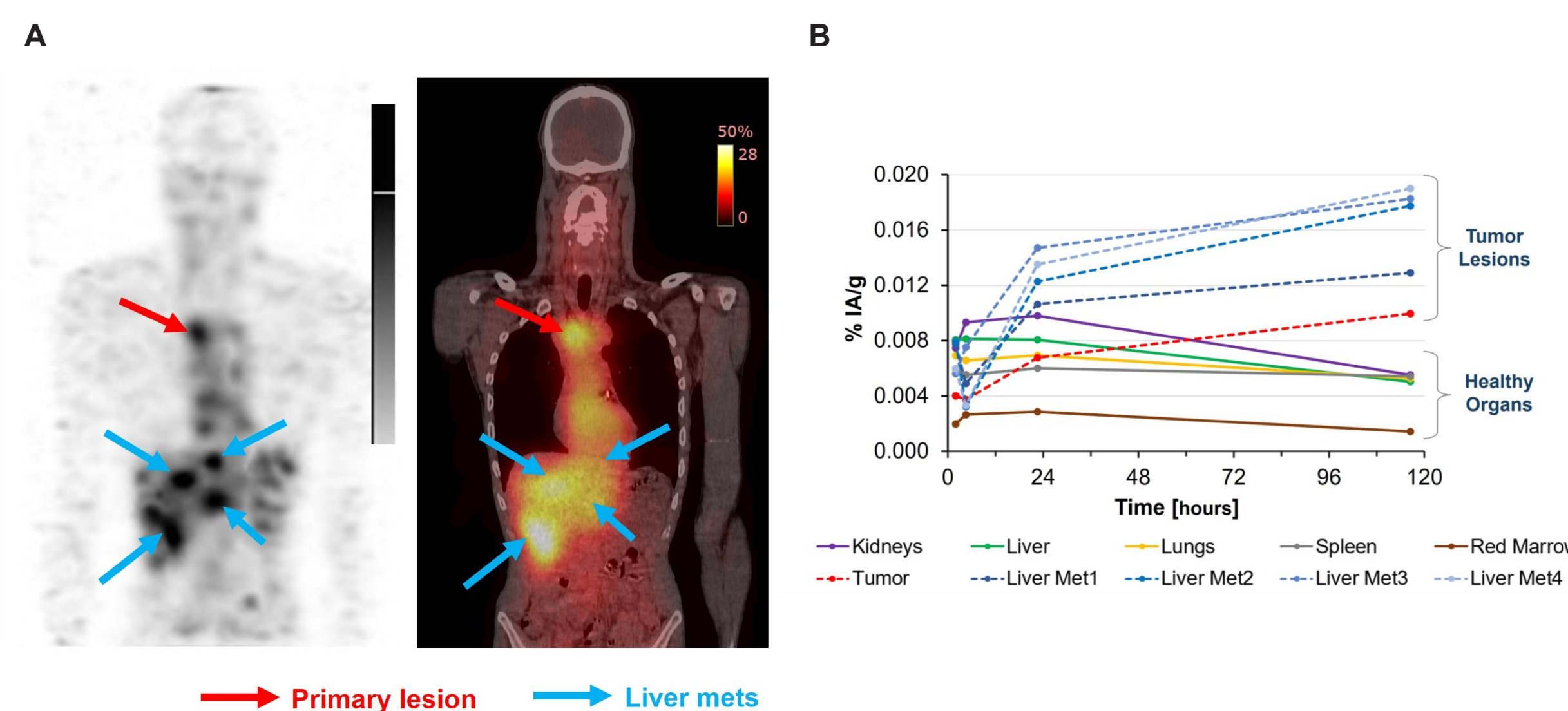
- Part 2
- Preliminary antitumor activity of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 (ORR)

### Main Secondary

- Part 1
- PK, biodistribution, and dosimetry of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 and [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712
  - PK of MP0712
  - Safety and tolerability of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712

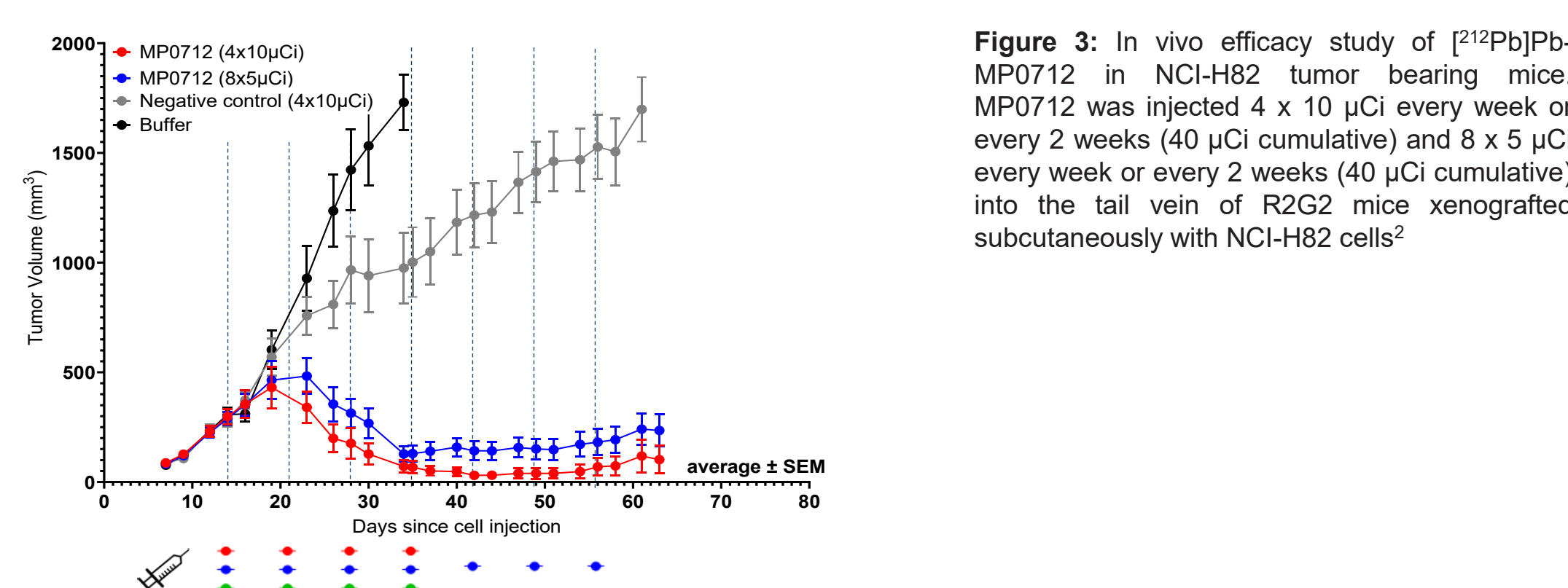
- Part 2
- Safety and tolerability of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 and [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712
  - Preliminary anti-tumor activity of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 (DOR, PFS, OS)
  - PK, biodistribution, and dosimetry of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 and [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 and PK of MP0712

### SPECT/CT imaging showed specific tumor uptake of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712



**Figure 2:** First-in-human data of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 from a named patient access program under South Africa's Section 21 compassionate care program in patients with SCLC and other DLL3+ neuroendocrine cancers<sup>3,4</sup> A) SPECT/CT imaging 116 h post injection and B) biodistribution profile of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 in a patient with metastatic SCLC

### [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 induced complete tumor regression in xenograft models



## Summary and Outlook

- This FIH study is evaluating the safety, tolerability, dosimetry, and preliminary activity of [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 in patients with DLL3-expressing SCLC, LC NEC of the lung and epNECs
- MP0712's design with high affinity to DLL3 and half-life extended properties is hypothesized to support efficient internalization, enabling strong tumor uptake despite low DLL3 cell-surface expression<sup>3</sup>
- [<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 demonstrated promising preclinical efficacy and biodistribution, with favorable safety profile<sup>2</sup>
- FIH imaging from compassionate use of [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 show specific uptake in DLL3-positive lesions in patients with SCLC and other NECs, with favorable clearance profile<sup>4,5</sup>
- Beyond monotherapy, future studies will explore optimized combination regimens including immune-modulating agents

## Enrolment status

- This FIH study is open for recruitment at 5 centers in the US, with 4 additional centers planned to open in Q2 2026
- It is registered on ClinicalTrials.gov under NCT07278479

## Study schematic

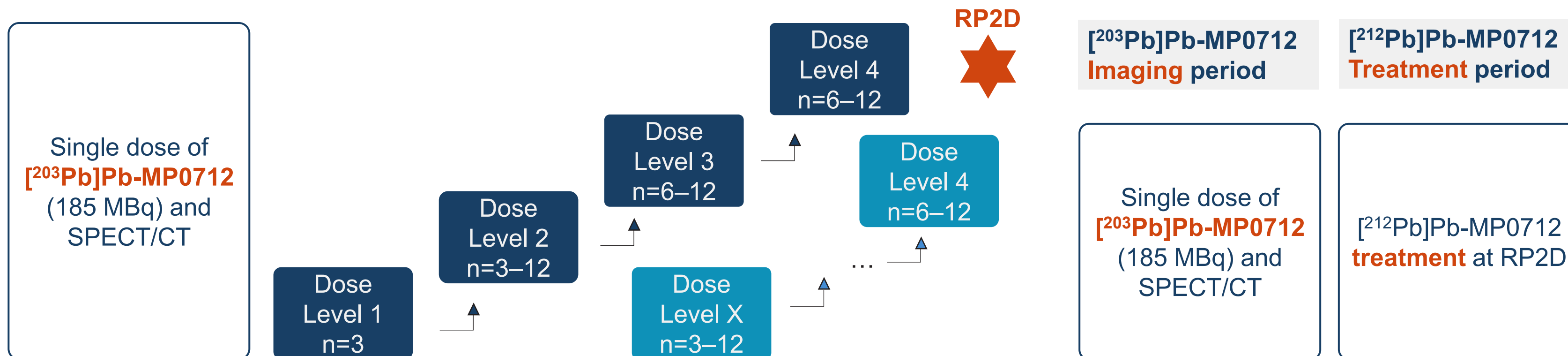
### Key eligibility criteria

- Aged ≥18 years
- SCLC after ≥2 prior systemic therapies or not eligible for standard second-line therapy, or
- LC NEC of the lung after ≥1 prior systemic therapy, or
- epNECs including GEP, cervical, bladder, or other DLL3-expressing epNECs (excluding Merkel cell carcinoma and neuroendocrine prostate cancer) after ≥1 prior systemic therapy
- DLL3-positive disease by [<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712 SPECT/CT (epNECs in Parts 1 and 2; SCLC or LC-NEC of the lung in Part 2)
- Prior DLL3-targeted therapy allowed
- ≥1 measurable lesion per RECIST v1.1
- ECOG performance status 0–2
- Clinically stable, asymptomatic CNS and/or meningeal disease permitted

### Part 1 Dose Escalation SCLC/LC NEC of the lung and epNEC n=up to 78

[<sup>203</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712  
Imaging period

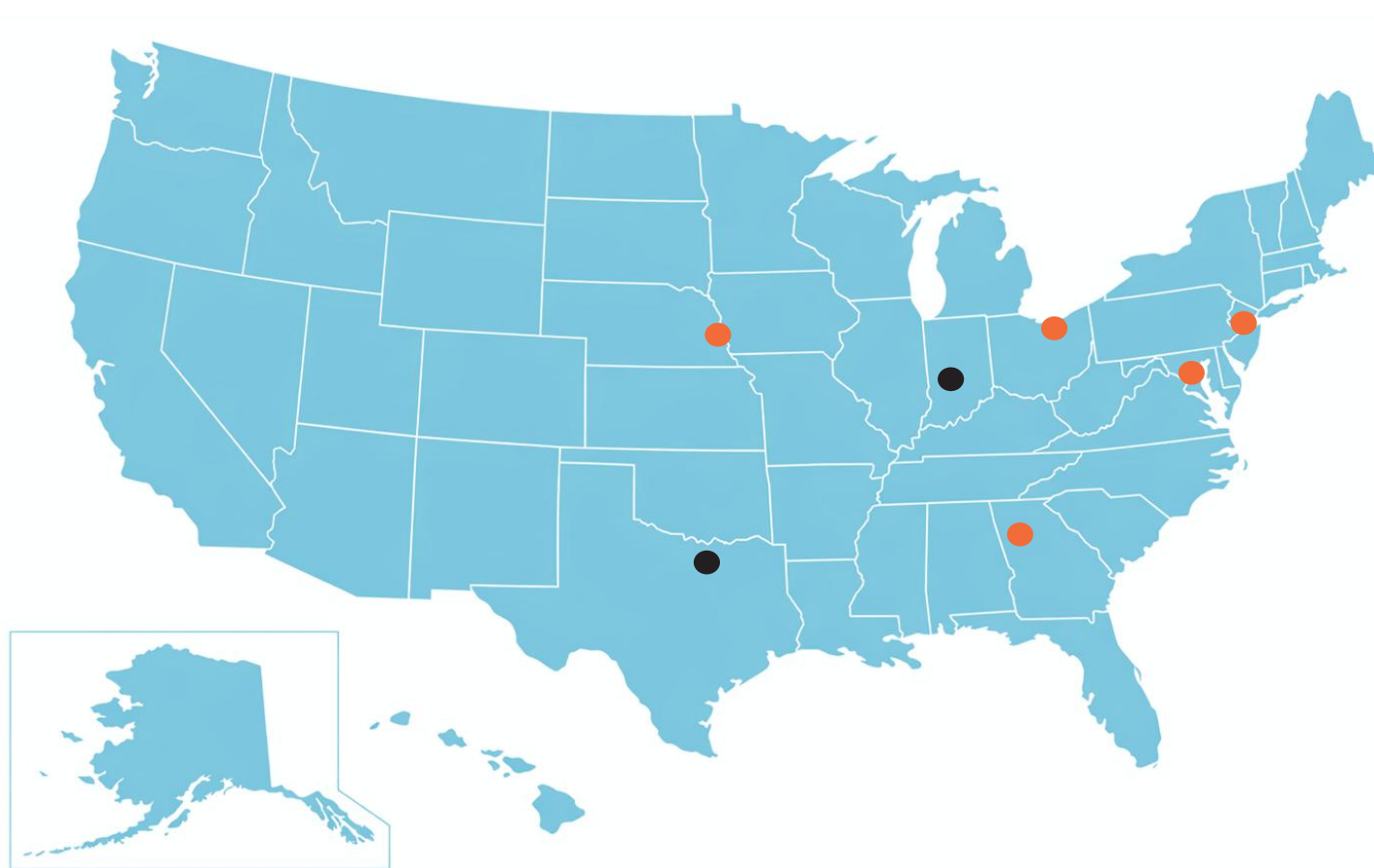
[<sup>212</sup>Pb]Pb-MP0712  
Treatment period



### Assessments

Safety	Clinical and laboratory assessments with continuous AE monitoring (CTCAE v5.0) and long-term safety up to 5 years
Efficacy	Tumor response assessed by RECIST v1.1
PK / Radiation PK	Blood, serum, and urine sampling (extended sampling in subgroup)
Imaging	SPECT/CT for DLL3-expressing tumor lesions Biodistribution and dosimetry for [ <sup>203</sup> Pb]Pb-MP0712 and [ <sup>212</sup> Pb]Pb-MP0712 in subgroups
Biomarkers	Immunogenicity and exploratory biomarker analyses

## Study locations



### Study centers

- United Theranostics Princeton, NJ
- Nebraska Cancer Specialists, NE
- United Theranostics Maryland, MD
- Emory University School of Medicine, GA
- University Hospital Cleveland, OH
- and additional US sites upcoming

### Orano Med manufacturing sites

- Plano, TX
- Indianapolis, IN

## References & Abbreviations

**References:** <sup>1</sup>IMDELLTRA® (tarlatamab-dlle) [package insert] U.S. Food and Drug Administration 2024; Phase 2 DeLLphi-301 study (NCT05060016); <sup>2</sup>Croset et al., AACR 2025; <sup>3</sup>Riesenberg et al., AACR 2026; <sup>4</sup>Kabunda (NuMeRi) et al., TWC 2026; <sup>5</sup>Lizak et al., TWC 2026; <sup>6</sup>Lozada et al., Cancer Res Commun; 5(2) Feb 2025.

**Abbreviations:** BLRM-EWOC, Bayesian Logistic Regression Model according to the escalation with overdose control; CNS, central nervous system; CT, computed tomography; DARPin, designed ankyrin repeat protein; DCR, disease control rate; DLL3, delta-like ligand 3; DLT, dose-limiting toxicity; DOR, duration of response; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; epNEC, extrapulmonary neuroendocrine carcinoma; FIH, first-in-human; GEP NEC, gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine carcinoma; HSA, human serum albumin; LC NEC, large cell neuroendocrine carcinoma; MTD, Maximum tolerated dose; NEC, neuroendocrine carcinoma; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; PK, pharmacokinetic(s); RP2D, recommended Phase 2 dose; SCLC, small cell lung cancer; SPECT, single photon emission computed tomography; SRC, safety review committee.